Patient-Centered Integrated Behavioral Health Care Principles & Tasks Checklist

About This Tool

This checklist was developed in consultation with a group of national experts in integrated behavioral health care with support from The John A. Hartford Foundation, The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, and California HealthCare Foundation. For more information, visit: aims.uw.edu

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The core principles of effective integrated behavioral health care includes a patient-centered care team providing evidence-based treatments for a defined population of patients using a measurement-based treat-to-target approach.

Principles of Care	We apply t None	his principle in t Some our patients	the care of Most/All
1. Patient-Centered Care			
Primary care and behavioral health providers collaborate effectively using shared care plans			
2. Population-Based Care			
Care team shares a defined group of patients tracked in a registry. Practices track and reach out to patients who are not improving and mental health specialists provide caseload-focused consultation, not just ad-hoc advice.			
3. Measurement-Based Treatment to Target			
Each patient's treatment plan clearly articulates personal goals and clinical outcomes that are routinely measured. Treatments are adjusted if patients are not improving as expected.			
4. Evidence-Based Care			
Patients are offered treatments for which there is credible research evidence to support their efficacy in treating the target condition.			
S. Accountable Care			
Providers are accountable and reimbursed for quality care and outcomes.			

Core components and tasks are shared by effective integrated behavioral health care programs. The AIMS Center Integrated Care Team Building Tool (http://aims.uw.edu/resource-library/team-building-and-workflow-guide) can help organizations build clinical workflows that incorporate these core components and tasks into their unique setting.

Core Components & Tasks	None of our pat	Some ients receive t	Most/All his service
1. Patient Identification and Diagnosis			
Screen for behavioral health problems using valid instruments			
Diagnose behavioral health problems and related conditions			
Use valid measurement tools to assess and document baseline symptom severity			
2. Engagement in Integrated Care Program			
Introduce collaborative care team and engage patient in integrated care program			
Initiate patient tracking in population-based registry			
3. Evidence-based Treatment			
Develop and regularly update a biopsychosocial treatment plan			
Provide patient and family education about symptoms, treatments, and self- management skills			
Provide evidence-based counseling (e.g., Motivational Interviewing, Behavioral Activation)			
Provide evidence-based psychotherapy (e.g., Problem Solving Treatment, Cognitive Behavioral Therapy, Interpersonal Therapy)			
Prescribe and manage psychotropic medications as clinically indicated			
Change or adjust treatments if patients do not meet treatment targets			
4. Systematic Follow-up, Treatment Adjustment, and Relapse Prevention			
Use population-based registry to systematically follow all patients			
Proactively reach out to patients who do not follow-up			
Monitor treatment response at each contact with valid outcome measures			
Monitor treatment side effects and complications			
Identify patients who are not improving to target them for psychiatric consultation and treatment adjustment			
Create and support relapse prevention plan when patients are substantially improved			
5. Communication and Care Coordination			
Coordinate and facilitate effective communication among providers			
Engage and support family and significant others as clinically appropriate			
Facilitate and track referrals to specialty care, social services, and community- based resources			
6. Systematic Psychiatric Case Review and Consultation			
Conduct regular (e.g., weekly) psychiatric caseload review on patients who are not improving			
Provide specific recommendations for additional diagnostic work-up, treatment changes, or referrals			
Provide psychiatric assessments for challenging patients in-person or via telemedicine			
7. Program Oversight and Quality Improvement			
Provide administrative support and supervision for program			
Provide clinical support and supervision for program			
Routinely examine provider- and program-level outcomes (e.g., clinical outcomes, quality of care, patient satisfaction) and use this information for quality improvement			